This brochure is one of a series of pamphlets describing storm drain protection measures for specific types of construction industry activities. Other pamphlets include:

General Construction and Site Supervision

Landscaping, Gardening, and Pool Maintenance

Painting and Application of Solvents and Adhesives

Fresh Concrete and Mortar Application

Roadwork and Paving

**Earth-Moving Activities** 

**Heavy Equipment Operation** 

For more information about the countywide storm drain protection program and additional brochures, call:



Contra Costa Clean Water Program 255 Glacier Drive Martinez, CA 94553 1-800-NO DUMPING

### **Spill Response Agencies**

- 1. DIAL 911
- 2. Governor's Office of Emergency Services Warning Center (800) 852-7550 (24 hours)

# **Local Pollution Control Agencies**

Contra Costa	
Clean Water Program	(925) 313-2360
City of Antioch	(925) 779-7035
City of Brentwood	(925) 516-5348
City of Clayton	(925) 672-6690
City of Concord	(925) 671-3394
Contra Costa County	(925) 313-2238
Town of Danville	(925) 314-3310
City of El Cerrito	(925) 215-4367
City of Hercules	(925) 799-8247
City of Lafayette	(925) 284-1951
City of Martinez	(925) 372-3515
Town of Moraga	(925) 546-7111
City of Orinda	(925) 253-4231
City of Pinole	(510) 724-9010
City of Pittsburg	(925) 439-4963
City of Pleasant Hill	(925) 671-5261
City of Richmond	(510) 412-2001
City of San Pablo	(510) 215-3030
City of San Ramon	(925) 275-2241
City of Walnut Creek	(925) 943-5827

# General Construction and Site Supervision



Best Management
Practices for the
Construction Industry



Contra Costa Clean Water Program

# Storm Drain Pollution Prevention: It's Up to Us

In Contra Costa County, storm drains flow directly to local creeks, San Francisco Bay, and the delta with no treatment. Stormwater pollution is a serious problem for wildlife dependent on our waterways and for the people who live near polluted streams or baylands. Some common sources of this pollution include spilled oil, fuel, and fluids from vehicles and heavy equipment; construction debris; landscaping runoff containing pesticides or weed killers; and materials such as used motor oil, antifreeze, and paint products that people pour or spill into a street or storm drain.

Eighteen cities, the County, and the County Flood Control District have joined together to educate local residents and businesses and fight storm drain pollution. We hope you will join us, by using the practices describe in this pamphlet.

# Advance Planning to Prevent Pollution

- □ Schedule excavation and grading activities for dry weather periods.
- □ Control the amount of runoff crossing your site (especially during excavation!) by using berms or drainage ditches to divert water flow around the site.
- Train your employees and subcontractors. Make these brochures available to everyone who works on the site. Inform subcontractors about the new stormwater requirements and their own responsibilities. Refer to Blueprint for a Clean Bay, a construction best management practices guide available from the Contra Costa Clean Water Program.

#### **Good Housekeeping Practices**

Designate one area of the site for auto parking, vehicle refueling, and routine equipment maintenance. The designated area should be well away from streams or

storm drain inlets, and bermed if necessary. Make major repairs off-site.

- Weep materials out of the rain prevent runoff contamination at the source. Cover exposed piles of soil or construction materials with plastic sheeting or temporary roofs.

  Before it rains, sweep
  - and remove materials from surfaces that drain to storm drains, creeks, or channels.
- ☐ Keep pollutants off exposed surfaces. Place trash cans and recycling receptacles around the site to minimize litter.
- ☐ Clean up leaks, drips and other spills immediately so they do not contaminate soil or groundwater or leave residue on paved surfaces.
- Never hose down "dirty" pavement or surfaces where materials have spilled. Use dry cleanup methods whenever possible. If you must use water, use just enough to keep the dust down and protect storm drain inlets.

- □ Cover and maintain dumpsters. Check frequently for leaks. Place dumpsters under roofs or cover with tarps or plastic sheeting secured around the outside of the dumpster.
  - Never clean out a dumpster by hosing it down on the construction site.
  - Make sure portable toilets are in good working order. Check frequently for leaks.

## Materials/Waste/Handling

Storm Drain Pollution from

**Construction Activities** 

Construction sites are common sources of

storm water pollution. Materials and wastes

that blow or wash into a storm drain, gutter,

or street have a direct impact on local creeks

and the Bay. As a contractor, site supervisor,

owner or operator of a site, you may be

responsible for any environmental damage

caused by your subcontractors or employees.

- □ Practice source reduction minimize waste when you order materials. Order only the amount you need to finish the job.
- Use recyclable materials whenever possible.
- Dispose of all wastes properly. Many construction materials and wastes, including solvents, water-based paints, vehicle fluids, broken asphalt and concrete, wood, and cleared vegetation can be recycled. (See the reference list of recyclers at the back of Blueprint for a Clean Bay). Materials that cannot be recycled must be taken to an appropriate landfill or disposed of as hazardous waste. Never bury waste materials or leave them in the street or near a creek or streambed.